

2010 ADMISSION POLICY

STAFFORDSHIRE SECONDARY MODEL ADMISSIONS POLICY

Name of School: Blessed William Howard Catholic High School

The admissions process is part of the Staffordshire LA co-ordinated scheme.

The Admission Policy of the Governors of Blessed William Howard Catholic High School is as follows:

The ethos of this school is Catholic. The school was founded by the Catholic Church to provide education for children of Catholic families. The school is conducted by its governing body as part of the Catholic Church in accordance with its Trust Deed and Instrument of Government and seeks at all times to be a witness to Jesus Christ. We ask all parents applying for a place here to respect this ethos and its importance to the school community. This does not affect the right of parents who are not of the faith of this school to apply for and be considered for a place here.

The School's Admission Number for the school year beginning in September 2010 is 186

If the number of applications exceeds the admission number, the governors will give priority to applications in accordance with the criteria listed, provided that the governors are made aware of that application before decisions on admissions are made (see Note 1 below).

In all categories, priority will be given to those who have a brother or sister (see Note 3 below) attending Blessed William Howard Catholic High School at the time of admission.

1. Baptised Catholic children (see Note 2 below) who are in the care of a local authority (looked-after children) or provided with accommodation by them (e.g. children with foster parents) (Section 22 of the Children Act 1989)
2. Baptised Catholic children who currently attend a Catholic feeder school (see Note 4 below)
3. Baptised Catholic children who live in a feeder school parish area (see Note 4 below)
4. Baptised Catholic children who currently attend a Catholic school

5. Other Baptised Catholic children
6. Non-Catholic children who are in the care of a local authority (looked after children) or provided with accommodation by them (e.g. children with foster parents) (Section 22 of the Children Act 1989)
7. Non-Catholic children who currently attend a Catholic feeder school
8. Non-Catholic children who currently attend a Catholic school
9. Other Non-Catholic children

OVER-SUBSCRIPTION

If there is over-subscription within the category, the *Governors* will give priority to children living closest to the school determined by shortest distance. Distances are calculated on the basis of a straight-line measurement between the front door of the applicant's home address and the front gate of the school. The local authority uses a computerised system, which measures all distances in miles. Ordnance Survey supply the co-ordinates that are used to plot an applicant's home address within this system (See Note 4).

In a very small number of cases it may not be able to decide between the applicants of those pupils who are qualifiers for a place, when applying the published admission criteria.

For example, this may occur when children in the same year group live at the same address, or where there are twins, or if the distance between the home and school is exactly the same, for example, blocks of flats. If there is no other way of separating the application according to the admissions criteria and to admit both or all of the children would cause the legal limit to be exceeded, the local authority will use a computerised system to randomly select the child to be offered the final place.

Note 1

Children with a Statement of Special Educational Needs that names the school must be admitted. This will reduce the number of places available to other applicants.

Note 2

In all categories, for a child to be considered as a Catholic, evidence of Catholic Baptism or Reception into the Church will be required. For a definition of Baptised Catholic see the Appendix. Those who face difficulties in producing written evidence of baptism should contact their Parish Priest.

Failure to provide evidence of Catholic Baptism may affect the criterion the child's name is placed in.

Note 3

The definition of a brother or sister is:

- A brother or sister sharing the same parents;
- Half-brother or half-sister, where two children share one common parent;
- Step-brother or step-sister, where two children are related by a parent's marriage;
- Adopted or fostered children.

Note 4

The designated feeder schools and appropriate parishes for Blessed William Howard Catholic High School are:

Blessed Mother Teresa Catholic Primary School	St. Austin's parish
St. Anne's Catholic Primary School	St. Anne's parish
St. Austin's Catholic Primary School	St. Austin's parish
St. Dominic's Catholic Primary School	St. Dominic's parish - Stone
St. John's Catholic Primary School	St. John's parish - Great Haywood
St. Mary's Catholic Primary School	St. Mary's parish - Brewood
St. Patrick's Catholic Primary School	St. Patrick's parish

Maps of the parish areas are available to view at the school and parishes or by post on request.

Note 5

The home address of a pupil is considered to be the permanent residence of a child. The address must be the child's only or main residence. Documentary evidence may be required.

Where care is split equally between mother and father, parents must name which address is to be used for the purpose of allocating a school place

APPEALS

Parents who wish to appeal against the decision of the *Governors* to refuse their child a place in the school may apply in writing to *Chair of Governors*. Appeals will be heard by an independent panel.

REPEAT APPLICATIONS

Unless there are significant and material changes in the circumstances of a parent's application for their child or the school, the governors will not consider a repeat application in the same academic year.

LATE APPLICATIONS

Applications received after the closing date will only be considered alongside those received by the closing date under the following circumstances:

- The family were unable to complete an application form before the closing date because they moved into the school's parish area after the issue of application forms OR
- The family were unable to comply with the admissions timetable because of exceptional circumstances which prevented the application arriving on time - the circumstances must be given in writing and attached to the Application Form.

Applications received after the notification date (after places are offered) will be added to the school's waiting list in admission criteria order.

APPLICATIONS OTHER THAN THE NORMAL INTAKE TO Y7

An application should be made to the local authority who will need to consult with the governors

WAITING LISTS

Waiting lists for admission will remain open until the end of the autumn term and will then be discarded. Parents may apply for their child's name to be reinstated. The waiting list will be kept in admission criteria order.

IN YEAR FAIR ACCESS POLICY

The *Governors* have adopted the *Fair Access Policy* with the *Local Authority* for admissions of previously excluded or hard to place children.

APPENDIX

DEFINITION OF A "BAPTISED CATHOLIC"

A "Baptised Catholic" is one who:

- Has been baptised into full communion (Cf. *Catechism of the Catholic Church, 837*) with the Catholic Church by the Rites of Baptism of one of the various ritual Churches in communion with the See of Rome (i.e. Latin Rite, Byzantine Rite, Coptic, Syriac, etc, Cf. *Catechism of the Catholic Church, 1203*). Written evidence* of this baptism can be obtained by recourse to the Baptismal Registers of the church in which the baptism took place (Cf. *Code of Canon Law, 877 & 878*).

Or

- Has been validly baptised in a separated ecclesial community and subsequently received into full communion with the Catholic Church by the *Right of Reception of Baptised Christians into the Full Communion of the Catholic Church*. Written evidence of their baptism and reception into full communion with the Catholic Church can be obtained by recourse to the Register of Receptions, or in some cases, a sub-section of the Baptismal Registers of the church in which the *Rite of Reception* took place (Cf. *Rite of Christian Initiation, 399*).

WRITTEN EVIDENCE OF BAPTISM

The Governing bodies of Catholic schools will require written evidence in the form of a Certificate of Baptism or Certificate of Reception before applications for school places can be considered for categories of "Baptised Catholics". A Certificate of Baptism or Reception is to include: the full name, date of birth, date of baptism or reception, and parent(s) name(s). The certificate must also show that it is copied from the records kept by the place of baptism or reception.

Those who would have difficulty obtaining written evidence of baptism for a good reason, may still be considered as baptised Catholics but only after they have been referred to their parish priest who, after consulting the Vicar General, will decide how the question of baptism is to be resolved and how written evidence is to be produced in accordance with the law of the Church.

Those who would be considered to have good reason for not obtaining written evidence would include those who cannot contact the place of baptism due to persecution or fear, the destruction of the church and the original records, or where baptism was administered validly but not in the Parish church where records are kept.

Governors may request extra supporting evidence when the written documents that are produced do not clarify the fact that a person was baptised or received into the Catholic Church, (i.e. where the name and address of the Church is not on the certificate or where the name of the Church does not state whether it is a Catholic Church or not.)

Admission Policies should state the requirement of written evidence of Baptism or Reception for the category of "Baptised Catholic". The policy should also state that those who face difficulties in producing written evidence of baptism should contact their Parish Priest.